## NATHANIEL NEWTON INFANT SCHOOL

Learning in Year 2 in the first half of Autumn Term – Our topic is called I'm Alive.

Reading	Maths	Science
Looking at the structure of different non-fiction texts such as non- chronological reports and instructional texts helps children to use the correct structure in their own writing. Reading helps to extend children's vocabulary and your child will attempt to recite poems expressively, off by heart. <b>Writing and Spelling</b> Children will learn trickier words known as homophones will be taught in order for children to be aware that words can sound the same but have different spelling, e.g knew and new. Spelling of trickier contracted words (shortened forms) such as 'we've', 'they'll', 'they've' is taught with children learning how to use the possessive apostrophe e.g the boy's bag (the bag belonging to the boy) or Lewis' pencils (if the word ends in an 's', the apostrophe follows it or sometimes an additional 's is added e.g. Lewis's pencils) Children will be encouraged to use more detailed descriptions in their writing and re-read their own and other's writing, looking for ways to edit and improve it. Your child will begin to learn how two words can be put together to create a new word, e.g play + ground = playground or foot + ball = football, these are known as compound words. Children are learning different ways of joining ideas together to make longer, more detailed sentences using words such as when, if, because, or, and, but.	Children are learning to identify odd and even numbers confidently and read and write numbers to 100 in numerals and in words. They will also be able to understand that a two-digit number is made up of tens and ones (place value). From understanding this concept, children will learn to estimate where numbers might appear on a blank number line, compare and order numbers up to 100 using symbols (q, G and =) and use place value to solve problems, for example 24 G 12 (24 is greater than 12), 9 q 78 (9 is less than 78) or 19 = 19 (the same as). An easy way to remember how to use these symbols is to think of the arrow as a crocodile's mouth, which always likes to point towards the larger number!	<ul> <li>Living things and their habitats</li> <li>To explore and compare the differences between things that are living, dead, and things that have never been alive</li> <li>To identify that most living things live in habitats to which they are suited and describe how different habitats provide for the basic needs of different kinds of animals and plants, and how they depend on each other</li> <li>To identify and name a variety of plants and animals in their habitats, including micro-habitats</li> <li>To describe how animals obtain their food from plants and other animals, using the idea of a simple food chain, and identify and name different sources of food.</li> <li>Animals, including humans</li> <li>To notice that animals, including humans, have offspring which grow into adults. To find out about and describe the basic needs of animals, including humans, for survival (water, food and air). To describe the importance for humans of exercise, eating the right amounts of different types of food, and hygiene.</li> </ul>
At home you can help by:	At home you can help by:	At home you can help by:
Reading every day with your child extends their vocabulary enabling them to use these new words in their writing. Encourage your child to use different describing words in their writing and the use of conjunctions such as because, so, but etc. Practise weekly spelling and use them in their writing.	Encouraging your child to measure length, capacity, weight and time of everyday items will help them understand why we need to learn measuring. Allowing your child to handle coins and pay for items will enable them to understand the value of money.	Discuss and make a skeleton. Talk to your child about the importance of keeping healthy.

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Personal, Social and Health Education:	Art and Design:	R.E.
To understand that we all have feelings.	Children may use all or a selection of the following: pencils, charcoal, crayons, pastels, rubbers, felt tips and chalk in order to investigate their	To reflect on and consider religious and spiritual feelings, experiences and concepts such as worship, wonder, praise, thanks, concern, joy and
To understand that we all have the right to feel safe all of the time.	effects on different textured surfaces. Children are encouraged to make careful observational drawings and investigate the tone of their lines by	sadness, and communicate their responses.
To recognise early warning signs and be aware of ways of dealing with them.	creating darker/lighter shades using different materials.	To ask and respond imaginatively to puzzling questions, communicating their ideas.
To identify people to talk to if I feel unsafe.	In Design and Technology the chn will design products for a specific purpose aimed. Children will be encouraged to come up with ideas and create models and plans to explain their ideas.	To recognise that religious teachings and ideas make a difference to individuals, families and the local community
In PSHE the children will be discussing why it is good to be themselves and what they like about their friends.	In art and design, your child will be encouraged to evaluate their own and other's work critically, looking for ways to improve it.	To identify the importance, for some people, of belonging to a religion/religious community and recognise the difference this makes to their lives, noting similarities where appropriate
		To explore a range of religious stories and sacred writings and talk about their meanings
		To identify what matters to them and others, including those with religious commitments, and communicate their responses.To reflect on how spiritual and moral values relate to their own.
At home you can help by:	At home you can help by:	At home you can help by:
Discuss different feelings such as happy, sad, upset, embarrassed, cheerful, nervous, scared etc. Discuss how to keep safe and people they can talk to.	Let your child explore different materials, tools (scissors, sticky tape) and shapes to create their own pictures and designs.	Discuss with your child that different people have different beliefs.

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Music         efore doing         eas to use         Children will experiment using their voices to create different effects, learning to sing in tune and with expression. Children will learn about how sounds can be organised, composing pieces, which have a beginning, middle, and an end. During performances, children will try and keep a steady pulse.         d controlling nd be o recognise d after
eas to use learning to sing in tune and with expression. Children will learn about how sounds can be organised, composing pieces, which have a beginning, middle, and an end. During performances, children will try and keep a steady pulse. nd be o recognise I after
ır child will be suggesting
ind linking ng their
m dance
At home you can help by:
l healthy and Encourage your child to listen to different genres of music and ask them lking and bike which instruments they can hear in a piece of music.
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